

#### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY 9701/34

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

October/November 2017

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is a registered trademark.



Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	I 5 (or more) experiments completed and Table to show Volume of FB 1, Volume of water, Time and Rate	1
	II Correct units for all data  Volume: in cm³ or/cm³ or (cm³) or cm³ by each volume  Time:/s or (s) or s by each time (not sec or seconds but allow 'in seconds')  Rate:/s⁻¹ or (s⁻¹) or s⁻¹ by each rate	1
	III All times recorded to nearest second (minimum of 3 times)	1
	IV Two additional experiments with volume <b>FB 1</b> not less than 10 cm³, not more than 40 cm³ and no volume ≤ 2 cm³ close to another volume.	1
	V Volumes of water chosen so that <b>FB1</b> + water = 40 cm <sup>3</sup> for additional experiments carried out.	1
	VI Correctly calculates rate for all experiments and shown to 2 – 4 sf.	1
	VII Award if all candidate's times increase with decrease in volume of FB 1.	1
	VIII Award if candidate's time to nearest second for Experiment 2 is within 10% of the supervisor's result	1
	IX Award if candidate's (time for FB 1 = 20)/(time FB 1= 40) is between 1.90 and 2.40	1
	X Award if candidate's (time for <b>FB 1</b> = 20)/(time <b>FB 1</b> = 40) is between 2.00 and 2.30	1
1(b)	Linear scales that cover more than half the space in both directions and axes labelled correctly (allow the correct unit as the label)	1
	Points plotted correctly.  Points must be within half a small square of the correct position, if the point should be on a line it must be on the line and if it should not be on the line it must not be so.	1
	Line of best fit drawn which ignores anomalous results identified by the candidate	1

© UCLES 2017 Page 2 of 6

Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	Correct line drawn within 1 small square (horizontal line must be shown and some mark shown at 8).	1
	Correctly calculates = 1000/rate (to 2 – 4 sf or a whole number of seconds).	1
1(d)(i)	The print (on the insert) would take longer to disappear	1
	The liquid would be less deep	1
1(d)(ii)	The reaction time would be longer/reaction is slower/rate is less	1
	Accuracy improved because the percentage error in time less  OR  Accuracy not improved because more difficult to judge when print disappeared	1
1(e)	Expression % = (1/Reaction time <b>Experiment 1</b> ) × 100  OR  (0.5/Reaction time <b>Experiment 1</b> ) × 100	1
1(f)	Keep volume thiosulfate/FB1 constant and vary volume acid/FB 2	1
	Keep total volume FB 2 + water constant	1
	Keep temperature constant/use same (shape) reaction vessel/use same printed sheet/carry out 5 (or more) expts with different volumes HC1/FB 2	1
1(g)(i)	Straight line through origin (with positive gradient)	1
1(g)(ii)	Straight horizontal line	1

© UCLES 2017 Page 3 of 6

October/November 2017

Question				Answer		Marks
<b>FB 3</b> is	NaOH(ac	ղ), <b>FB 4</b> is NH₃(aq), <b>FB</b>	<b>5</b> is MgC <i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> (aq), <b>F</b>	<b>FB 6</b> is CuC <i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> (aq), <b>FB 7</b> is N	a <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (aq), <b>FB 8</b> is Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (aq), <b>FB 9</b> is Na <sub>2</sub> SO.	<sub>4</sub> (aq).
2(a)(i)		FB 4	FB 5	FB 6		3
	FB 3	No reaction/no change/solution remains colourless	White ppt	(Pale/light) blue ppt		
	FB 4		White ppt	Dark/deep blue solution/ (pale/light) blue ppt		
	FB 5			No reaction/no change		
	6 correct boxes = 3 marks, 4 or 5 correct boxes = 2 marks, 2 or 3 correct boxes = 1 mark.					
2(a)(ii)	OH <sup>-</sup> /hydroxide				1	
2(a)(iii)	Named indicator eg red litmus ('red' could be in the results) or formula/named (aqueous) salt that gives insoluble hydroxides				1	
	Positive result for alkali				1	
2(a)(iv)	Two of Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Zn <sup>2+</sup> , A <i>t</i> <sup>3+</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Ba <sup>2+</sup>					1
2(a)(v)	Test to distinguish ions in (iv)				1	
	Result of and appropri	of test iate conclusion				1

© UCLES 2017 Page 4 of 6

October/November 2017

Question	Answer			
2(b)(i)		FB 7	FB 8	FB 9
	KI	No reaction/no change/solution	Yellow/brown colour	No reaction/no change/solution
	starch	remains colourless	then blue-black/ black/dark blue	remains colourless
	I <sub>2</sub>	Decolourises	No reaction	No reaction/ (stays) yellow/ brown
	Ba <sup>2+</sup>	No reaction no change/solution remains colourless /no ppt	(ignore responses here)	White ppt
	6, 7 or 8	boxes = 3 marks correct boxes = 2 mar correct boxes = 1 mar		

© UCLES 2017 Page 5 of 6

October/November 2017

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)(ii)	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> or SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> (both needed)	1
2(b)(iii)	Add suitable named acid to <b>FB 9</b> and $Ba(NO_3)_2/BaCl_2$ ppt or Add (acidified aqueous) potassium manganate(VII)/KMnO <sub>4</sub> to <b>FB 9</b> or Add named acid and test (any) gas evolved with (acidified aqueous) potassium manganate(VII)	1
	Anion present: SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> and No effect of acid on (white) ppt or (Solution) turns purple/purple not decolourised or No bubbles/manganate(VII) paper remains purple/blue litmus remains blue	1

© UCLES 2017 Page 6 of 6